



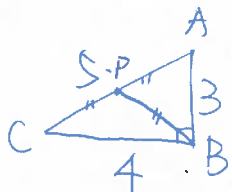
永春高中數學科 階城盃答案卷

P. 1

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最佳解!

1.



滿足 $5^2 = 3^2 + 4^2$. $\therefore \angle ABC = 90^\circ$
P 位於 AC 之 midpoint. $\therefore \overline{PA} = \overline{PB} = \overline{PC} = \frac{\overline{AC}}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$.
 $S = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 \times 3 = \frac{75}{4}$; $\triangle ABC$ 面 = $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 3 = 6$.
 $\therefore f = \frac{\frac{75}{4}}{6} = \frac{25}{8}$ #

2.

設 $P(x, y)$.

$$\begin{aligned} S &= x^2 + y^2 + (x-8)^2 + (y-15)^2 + (x-12)^2 + (y-5)^2 \\ &= 3x^2 + 3y^2 - 40x - 40y + 458 \\ &= 3\left(x - \frac{20}{3}\right)^2 + 3\left(y - \frac{20}{3}\right)^2 + \frac{574}{3} \end{aligned}$$

當 $P\left(\frac{20}{3}, \frac{20}{3}\right)$ 時, S 有 $\min = \frac{574}{3}$.
 $\triangle ABC$ 面 = $\frac{1}{2} \times \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 15 \\ 12 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \times 140 = 70$.

$$f_{\min} = \frac{S_{\min}}{70} = \frac{\frac{574}{3}}{70} = \frac{4}{15} \#$$

3. 設 $A(a, b), B(c, d), C(e, f), P(x, y)$. 則

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{PA}^2 + \overline{PB}^2 + \overline{PC}^2 &= (x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 + (x-c)^2 + (y-d)^2 + (x-e)^2 + (y-f)^2 \\ &\stackrel{\text{展開}}{=} 3\left(x - \frac{a+c+e}{3}\right)^2 + 3\left(y - \frac{b+d+f}{3}\right)^2 + a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2 + e^2 + f^2 - \frac{(a+c+e)^2 + (b+d+f)^2}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore x = \frac{a+c+e}{3}, y = \frac{b+d+f}{3}$ 時, $\overline{PA}^2 + \overline{PB}^2 + \overline{PC}^2$ 有 $\min$, 即 P 為三角形重心 G.

請將本卷對折一次後投入投件箱, 謝謝您的參與!

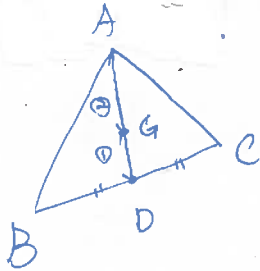


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$$\Rightarrow \overline{PA}^2 + \overline{PB}^2 + \overline{PC}^2 = \overline{GA}^2 + \overline{GB}^2 + \overline{GC}^2 \quad \text{又 } \overline{AG} = \frac{2}{3}\overline{AD} \Rightarrow \overline{AG}^2 = \frac{4}{9}\overline{AD}^2.$$



By 中線定理.

$$\overline{AB}^2 + \overline{AC}^2 = 2(\overline{AD}^2 + \overline{BD}^2) = 2\left(\overline{AD}^2 + \frac{1}{4}\overline{BC}^2\right).$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{AD}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\overline{AB}^2 + \overline{AC}^2) - \frac{1}{4}\overline{BC}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\overline{AB}^2 + \overline{AC}^2 - \frac{1}{2}\overline{BC}^2).$$

$$\therefore \overline{AG}^2 = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{1}{2} \times (\overline{AB}^2 + \overline{AC}^2 - \frac{1}{2}\overline{BC}^2)$$

$$= \frac{2}{9}\overline{AB}^2 + \frac{2}{9}\overline{AC}^2 - \frac{1}{9}\overline{BC}^2. \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$\text{同理, } \overline{BG}^2 = \frac{2}{9}\overline{BA}^2 + \frac{2}{9}\overline{BC}^2 - \frac{1}{9}\overline{AC}^2 \quad \text{--- ②}$$

$$\overline{CG}^2 = \frac{2}{9}\overline{CA}^2 + \frac{2}{9}\overline{CB}^2 - \frac{1}{9}\overline{AB}^2 \quad \text{--- ③}$$

$$\text{①} + \text{②} + \text{③} \Rightarrow \overline{GA}^2 + \overline{GB}^2 + \overline{GC}^2 = \frac{1}{3}(\overline{AB}^2 + \overline{BC}^2 + \overline{AC}^2).$$

$$\therefore S = \overline{PA}^2 + \overline{PB}^2 + \overline{PC}^2 = \frac{1}{3}(\overline{AB}^2 + \overline{BC}^2 + \overline{AC}^2).$$

$$\text{設 } \overline{AB} = c, \overline{BC} = a, \overline{AC} = b.$$

$$\triangle ABC \text{ 面積 } = \frac{\sqrt{a+b+c}}{2} \times \frac{a+b+c}{2} \times \frac{a-b+c}{2} \times \frac{a+b-c}{2} \quad \therefore S = \frac{1}{3}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2). \text{ By 海龍公式,}$$

$$\text{化簡 } \left(\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \\ = \end{array} \right) \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)(-a^4 - b^4 - c^4)}.$$

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P. 3.

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$$r = \frac{\frac{1}{3}(a^2+b^2+c^2)}{\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 - (a^4+b^4+c^4)}} = \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{\frac{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2}{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 - 2(a^4+b^4+c^4)}}$$

其中 $(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 > (a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 - 2(a^4+b^4+c^4)$

故 $\frac{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2}{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 - 2(a^4+b^4+c^4)} > 1$

故 $r = \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{\frac{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2}{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 - 2(a^4+b^4+c^4)}} > \frac{4}{3} > 1$

∴ r 不可能 < 1

4. 由 3. 可知 $r_{\min} = \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{\frac{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2}{(a^2+b^2+c^2)^2 - 2(a^4+b^4+c^4)}}$

此時 P 爲 $\triangle ABC$ 的重心 G .